

02905 (Providence)

HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS	BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE ¹	BETTER / WORSE CITY RATE ¹	02905 ESTIMATE	PROVIDENCE ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
SERIOUS CHRONIC DISEASE					
% high cholesterol	b		72.7%	75.1%	78.0%
% with diabetes	w		41.6%	40.4%	35.7%
% with stroke			12.0%	12.3%	12.5%
% with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	b		20.2%	22.7%	24.1%
% with asthma			13.4%	15.3%	14.0%
% with hypertension			77.9%	78.6%	79.0%
% ever had a heart attack			4.5%	4.9%	5.4%
% with ischemic heart disease	b		41.4%	44.9%	45.9%
% with congestive heart failure			23.5%	25.8%	24.8%
% with anemia	b	b	48.3%	52.5%	52.2%
% with chronic kidney disease			25.3%	26.6%	23.3%
% with 4+ chronic conditions	b	b	60.7%	64.5%	63.9%
% with 0 chronic conditions	b		11.4%	9.5%	8.4%
Emergency room visits/1000 persons 65+ years per year		b	630	744	628
Part D monthly prescription fills per person per year		b	54.0	56.9	54.2
Durable medical equipment claims per year	w		2.4	2.4	2.0
Inpatient hospital stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year			279	285	284
Skilled nursing facility stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year	b		75	99	100
MILD CHRONIC DISEASE					
% with atrial fibrillation	b		11.1%	12.7%	15.2%
% with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis	b		46.0%	49.3%	52.0%
% with osteoporosis			20.7%	22.4%	21.0%
% with glaucoma	b	b	22.0%	26.5%	26.6%
% with cataract	b	b	61.1%	64.7%	67.9%
% women with breast cancer			9.4%	9.5%	10.7%
% men with prostate cancer			13.3%	13.0%	13.8%
% with hypothyroidism	b		16.5%	18.9%	21.1%
% with benign prostatic hyperplasia	b		35.0%	38.9%	40.3%
Physician visits per year	b		6.5	6.8	8.0

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DISABILITY and LATER LIFE CHRONIC DISEASE					
Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate	b	b	3.2%	5.0%	4.8%
% ever had a hip fracture			3.3%	3.8%	3.9%
% ever diagnosed with depression		b	29.2%	34.0%	30.0%
% with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias		b	12.9%	16.6%	14.4%
% with colon cancer	b		1.8%	2.7%	3.2%
% with lung cancer			1.5%	2.1%	2.1%
Home health visits per year			3.8	4.4	3.7
% of 65+ getting Medicaid long term services and supports	w	b	7.2%	11.3%	6.2%
% 65+ with hearing difficulty			10.6%	13.5%	13.8%
% 65+ with vision difficulty	w		11.5%	7.3%	5.2%
% 65+ with ambulatory difficulty			20.7%	23.6%	19.9%
% 65+ with cognition difficulty			8.9%	9.3%	7.8%
% 65+ with self-care difficulty			9.3%	8.7%	6.6%
% 65+ with independent living difficulty			17.0%	17.9%	13.7%
DEMOGRAPHIC (AGE 65+ YEARS)					
% Medicare managed care enrollees			35.4%	30.9%	39.4%
Total population 65 years or older			2,331	15,540	155,558
% 65-74 years			57.1%	52.4%	50.4%
% 75-84 years			30.4%	30.8%	32.0%
% 85 years or older			12.5%	16.8%	17.6%
% female			59.8%	58.2%	58.4%
% White			65.0%	67.7%	93.0%
% African American			14.6%	12.7%	2.6%
% Asian			4.2%	4.6%	1.3%
% Other			16.2%	15.0%	3.2%
% Hispanic/Latino			23.3%	20.8%	3.7%
% speaking only English at home			62.1%	61.6%	81.7%
% married			47.2%	39.9%	50.1%
% divorced/separated			17.9%	15.5%	12.6%
% widowed			26.3%	31.9%	30.8%
% never married			8.6%	12.7%	6.4%
% living alone			27.9%	31.9%	30.4%
% with less than high school education			39.2%	43.6%	26.8%
% with high school or some college			43.2%	33.2%	50.7%
% with college degree			17.7%	23.2%	22.5%

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% with income below the poverty level past year			23.7%	17.3%	8.6%
% households with annual income \geq \$50,000			29.8%	31.9%	37.7%
% 60+ receiving food stamps past year			28.0%	27.9%	11.9%
% dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid			30.9%	34.8%	14.6%

TECHNICAL NOTES

See the technical report for methodological information at <http://healthyagingdatareports.org/ri/technicalreport>.

¹ For most indicators the community and state values are both statistical estimates derived from sample data. Thus, it is possible that some of the differences between state and community estimates may be due to chance associated with population sampling. We use the terms “better” and “worse” to highlight differences between community and state estimates that we are confident are not due to chance.

Other notes:

- Population characteristic estimates are from the American Community Survey (ACS) (2009-2013) and are reported for the 20 Zip codes. Note that % may not add up to 100% due to rounding error.
- Mortality rate, specific chronic disease, access and utilization estimates are for beneficiaries 65 years or older in 2013 from the 2012 and 2013 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Master Beneficiary Summary File (MBSF).
- Our research team: Elizabeth Dugan, Frank Porell and Nina Silverstein. Graduate Student researchers included: Chae Man Lee, Hyo Jung Lee, Bon Kim, and Krystal Kittle. We thank Amanda Cox from the NYTimes.com for data visualizations; and Maureen Maigret for sharing data on municipal senior transportation and volunteer driver programs collected by Mensel & Maigret (April, 2016). Please send your questions, comments, or ideas to beth.dugan@umb.edu. Let us know how you are using the Data Report in your community!