

02908 (Providence)

HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS	BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE¹	BETTER / WORSE CITY RATE¹	02908 ESTIMATE	PROVIDENCE ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
SERIOUS CHRONIC DISEASE					
% high cholesterol	b		75.3%	75.1%	78.0%
% with diabetes	w		41.6%	40.4%	35.7%
% with stroke			12.7%	12.3%	12.5%
% with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease			25.1%	22.7%	24.1%
% with asthma			14.7%	15.3%	14.0%
% with hypertension			79.4%	78.6%	79.0%
% ever had a heart attack			5.6%	4.9%	5.4%
% with ischemic heart disease			47.1%	44.9%	45.9%
% with congestive heart failure	w		28.5%	25.8%	24.8%
% with anemia			54.6%	52.5%	52.2%
% with chronic kidney disease	w		26.9%	26.6%	23.3%
% with 4+ chronic conditions	w		66.6%	64.5%	63.9%
% with 0 chronic conditions			9.8%	9.5%	8.4%
Emergency room visits/1000 persons 65+ years per year	w		720	744	628
Part D monthly prescription fills per person per year	w		56.7	56.9	54.2
Durable medical equipment claims per year	w		2.4	2.4	2.0
Inpatient hospital stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year			284	285	284
Skilled nursing facility stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year			118	99	100
MILD CHRONIC DISEASE					
% with atrial fibrillation		w	15.0%	12.7%	15.2%
% with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis			51.9%	49.3%	52.0%
% with osteoporosis			21.9%	22.4%	21.0%
% with glaucoma			27.3%	26.5%	26.6%
% with cataract	b		65.5%	64.7%	67.9%
% women with breast cancer			9.3%	9.5%	10.7%
% men with prostate cancer			13.7%	13.0%	13.8%
% with hypothyroidism			21.1%	18.9%	21.1%
% with benign prostatic hyperplasia			40.4%	38.9%	40.3%
Physician visits per year	b		6.9	6.8	8.0

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DISABILITY and LATER LIFE CHRONIC DISEASE					
Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate	w		5.8%	5.0%	4.8%
% ever had a hip fracture	w	w	5.5%	3.8%	3.9%
% ever diagnosed with depression	w		33.8%	34.0%	30.0%
% with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias	w		18.5%	16.6%	14.4%
% with colon cancer			3.3%	2.7%	3.2%
% with lung cancer			2.0%	2.1%	2.1%
Home health visits per year	w		5.2	4.4	3.7
% of 65+ getting Medicaid long term services and supports	w		11.2%	11.3%	6.2%
% 65+ with hearing difficulty			16.1%	13.5%	13.8%
% 65+ with vision difficulty			8.7%	7.3%	5.2%
% 65+ with ambulatory difficulty	w		26.0%	23.6%	19.9%
% 65+ with cognition difficulty			8.7%	9.3%	7.8%
% 65+ with self-care difficulty			6.7%	8.7%	6.6%
% 65+ with independent living difficulty	w		21.4%	17.9%	13.7%
DEMOGRAPHIC (AGE 65+ YEARS)					
% Medicare managed care enrollees			34.0%	30.9%	39.4%
Total population 65 years or older			3,283	15,540	155,558
% 65-74 years			47.8%	52.4%	50.4%
% 75-84 years			34.7%	30.8%	32.0%
% 85 years or older			17.5%	16.8%	17.6%
% female			61.0%	58.2%	58.4%
% White			72.4%	67.7%	93.0%
% African American			16.0%	12.7%	2.6%
% Asian			1.0%	4.6%	1.3%
% Other			10.6%	15.0%	3.2%
% Hispanic/Latino			14.7%	20.8%	3.7%
% speaking only English at home			70.9%	61.6%	81.7%
% married			37.0%	39.9%	50.1%
% divorced/separated			11.8%	15.5%	12.6%
% widowed			33.7%	31.9%	30.8%
% never married			17.5%	12.7%	6.4%
% living alone			33.3%	31.9%	30.4%
% with less than high school education			35.0%	43.6%	26.8%
% with high school or some college			41.4%	33.2%	50.7%
% with college degree			23.6%	23.2%	22.5%

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% with income below the poverty level past year			17.3%	17.3%	8.6%
% households with annual income \geq \$50,000			30.8%	31.9%	37.7%
% 60+ receiving food stamps past year			24.0%	27.9%	11.9%
% dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid			28.8%	34.8%	14.6%

TECHNICAL NOTES

See the technical report for methodological information at <http://healthyagingdatareports.org/ri/technicalreport>.

¹ For most indicators the community and state values are both statistical estimates derived from sample data. Thus, it is possible that some of the differences between state and community estimates may be due to chance associated with population sampling. We use the terms “better” and “worse” to highlight differences between community and state estimates that we are confident are not due to chance.

Other notes:

- Population characteristic estimates are from the American Community Survey (ACS) (2009-2013) and are reported for the 20 Zip codes. Note that % may not add up to 100% due to rounding error.
- Mortality rate, specific chronic disease, access and utilization estimates are for beneficiaries 65 years or older in 2013 from the 2012 and 2013 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Master Beneficiary Summary File (MBSF).
- Our research team: Elizabeth Dugan, Frank Porell and Nina Silverstein. Graduate Student researchers included: Chae Man Lee, Hyo Jung Lee, Bon Kim, and Krystal Kittle. We thank Amanda Cox from the NYTimes.com for data visualizations; and Maureen Maigret for sharing data on municipal senior transportation and volunteer driver programs collected by Mensel & Maigret (April, 2016). Please send your questions, comments, or ideas to beth.dugan@umb.edu. Let us know how you are using the Data Report in your community!