ZIPCODE 02907 (Providence)

| POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS | BETTER / WORSE CITY RATE | BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE | ZIPCODE 02907 ESTIMATE | Providence ESTIMATE | STATE ESTIMATE |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Total population (all ages) | | | 32,697 | 189,715 | 1,094,250 |
| Population 60 years or older as % of total population | | | 13.6% | 16.9% | 25.0% |
| Total population 60 years and older | | | 4,459 | 32,086 | 273,831 |
| Population 65 years or older as % of total population | | | 9.4% | 11.8% | 17.9% |
| Total population 65 years and older | | | 3,079 | 22,479 | 195,378 |
| % 65-74 years | | | 64.5% | 56.7% | 57.8% |
| % 75-84 years | | * | 20.4% | 28.6% | 29.0% |
| % 85 years or older | | | 15.1% | 14.7% | 13.2% |
| % 65+ population who are female | | | 58.1% | 59.5% | 56.3% |
| % 85+ population who are female | | | 67.7% | 72.5% | 67.8% |
| Race and ethnicity of the population 65+ | | | | | |
| % White | * | * | 33.5% | 62.2% | 88.6% |
| % African American | | * | 18.7% | 12.4% | 3.1% |
| % Asian | * | * | 7.6% | 3.8% | 1.8% |
| % Other race(s) | * | * | 42.0% | 21.7% | 6.5% |
| % Hispanic | * | * | 51.9% | 27.7% | 5.9% |
| # 55+ who are Native American / Alaskan | | | 123 | 287 | 832 |
| Marital status of the population 65+ | | | | | |
| % married | | | 48.9% | 37.9% | 51.6% |
| % divorced/separated | | | 18.5% | 18.4% | 16.9% |
| % widowed | | | 16.0% | 21.5% | 22.2% |
| % never married | | | 16.6% | 22.2% | 9.3% |
| Education of the population 65+ | | | | | |
| % with less than high school education | * | * | 49.3% | 28.6% | 14.9% |
| % with high school or some college | | * | 34.6% | 41.4% | 53.3% |
| % with college degree | | | 9.5% | 11.5% | 15.9% |
| % with graduate or professional degree | * | * | 6.7% | 18.5% | 16.0% |
| % 65+ population who speak only English at home | * | * | 36.2% | 59.4% | 83.3% |
| % 65+ population who are veterans of military service | | * | 8.0% | 8.1% | 14.6% |
| HOUSING | | | | | |
| % 65+ population who live alone | * | | 24.6% | 34.1% | 29.3% |
| Average household size (all ages) | * | * | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| Median house value (all ages) | | * | \$270,500 | \$293,000 | \$343,100 |
| % 60+ own home | | * | 42.0% | 52.0% | 71.7% |
| % 60+ homeowners who have mortgage | | | 59.1% | 55.0% | 48.4% |
| % 65+ households (renter) spend >35% of income on housing | | | 43.0% | 34.3% | 38.9% |
| % 65+ households (owner) spend >35% of income on housing | | | 15.9% | 29.7% | 25.2% |
| | | | | | |
| % grandparents who live with grandchildren | | * | 3.4% | 3.4% | 2.8% |
| % householders 65+ who own a motor vehicle | | ^ | 62.3% | 67.5% | 86.2% |
| ZIPCODE 02907 (Providence) | | | | | PAGE 1 |

| SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH | BETTER / WORSE CITY RATE | BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE | ZIPCODE 02907 ESTIMATE | Providence ESTIMATE | STATE ESTIMATE |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| ECONOMIC | | | | | |
| % 60+ receiving food stamps in past year | * | * | 48.2% | 34.0% | 14.7% |
| % 65+ employed in past year | | | 15.9% | 16.0% | 19.2% |
| % 65+ with income below the poverty line in past year | | * | 24.1% | 21.4% | 10.7% |
| Median annual income for households with a householder age 65+ | | * | \$37,656 | \$36,234 | \$56,242 |
| % 65+ households with annual income < \$20,000 | | * | 31.5% | 31.9% | 19.1% |
| % 65+ households with annual income \$20,000-\$49,999 | | | 28.7% | 26.6% | 26.8% |
| % 65+ households with annual income \$50,000-\$99,999 | | * | 13.9% | 17.3% | 26.1% |
| % 65+ households with annual income \$100,000+ | | | 25.9% | 24.2% | 28.0% |
| COMMUNITY | | | | | |
| % households with a smartphone (all ages) | | * | 90.2% | 87.8% | 85.8% |
| % households with only a smartphone to access Internet (all ages) | * | * | 24.6% | 13.6% | 8.2% |
| % households without a computer (all ages) | | | 6.9% | 8.2% | 7.1% |
| % households with access to Broadband (all ages) | | * | 84.1% | 85.6% | 89.2% |
| % households without access to the Internet (all ages) | | * | 15.7% | 14.2% | 10.7% |
| Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate | | | 5.0% | 4.6% | 4.3% |
| HEALTH OUTCOMES | | | | | |
| FALLS | | | | | |
| % 65+ with hip fracture | | | 2.4% | 2.8% | 3.1% |
| NUTRITION & DIET | | | | | |
| % 65+ with high cholesterol | | В | 69.9% | 73.4% | 79.3% |
| CHRONIC DISEASE | | | | | |
| % 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias | | | 14.3% | 13.4% | 12.0% |
| % 65+ with anemia | | В | 42.4% | 45.0% | 47.0% |
| % 65+ with asthma | | | 15.1% | 14.0% | 15.0% |
| % 65+ with atrial fibrillation | | В | 10.8% | 11.5% | 14.3% |
| % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia (men) | | В | 31.0% | 38.1% | 43.3% |
| % 65+ with breast cancer (women) | В | В | 6.0% | 10.3% | 11.5% |
| % 65+ with cataract | В | В | 48.5% | 59.5% | 65.0% |
| % 65+ with chronic kidney disease | W | W | 40.7% | 34.5% | 34.0% |
| % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease | | | 18.3% | 16.9% | 20.8% |
| % 65+ with colon cancer | | | 1.8% | 2.2% | 2.4% |
| % 65+ with congestive heart failure | | | 20.4% | 18.4% | 20.0% |
| % 65+ with diabetes | W | W | 43.1% | 35.8% | 32.4% |
| % 65+ with endometrial cancer (women) | | | NA | 2.2% | 2.3% |
| % 65+ with fibromyalgia, chronic pain, and fatigue | | В | 26.3% | 30.6% | 33.7% |
| % 65+ with glaucoma | | | 23.5% | 24.9% | 26.3% |
| % 65+ ever had a heart attack | | | 5.2% | 5.3% | 5.3% |
| % 65+ with hypertension | W | | 76.4% | 71.6% | 75.8% |
| % 65+ with ischemic heart disease | | В | 33.3% | 35.6% | 39.4% |
| % 65+ with liver disease | | В | 9.7% | 11.6% | 13.0% |
| ZIPCODE 02907 (Providence) | | | | | PAGE 2 |
| | | | | | |

| HEALTH OUTCOMES | BETTER / WORSE CITY RATE | BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE | ZIPCODE 02907 ESTIMATE | Providence ESTIMATE | STATE ESTIMATE |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| % 65+ with lung cancer | | | NA | 1.7% | 2.0% |
| % 65+ with migraine and other chronic headache | | В | 5.8% | 8.0% | 8.3% |
| % 65+ with osteoarthritis or rheumatoid arthritis | В | В | 44.5% | 50.4% | 57.3% |
| % 65+ with osteoporosis | | В | 15.5% | 18.5% | 18.9% |
| % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease | | | 21.1% | 22.5% | 23.1% |
| % 65+ with pressure ulcer or chronic ulcer | | | 7.2% | 7.0% | 7.7% |
| % 65+ with prostate cancer (men) | | | 10.1% | 13.5% | 13.4% |
| % 65+ with stroke | | | 12.5% | 11.1% | 11.6% |
| % 65+ with 4+ (out of 15) chronic conditions | | В | 57.7% | 59.3% | 63.0% |
| % 65+ with 0 chronic conditions | | В | 13.8% | 10.7% | 7.2% |
| BEHAVIORAL / MENTAL HEALTH | | | | | |
| % 65+ with substance use disorder | | | 8.9% | 9.2% | 8.4% |
| % 65+ with tobacco use disorder | | | 13.2% | 12.2% | 12.1% |
| % 65+ with depression | | | 32.3% | 35.7% | 34.5% |
| % 65+ with anxiety disorder | В | В | 24.5% | 31.9% | 34.3% |
| % 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorder | | W | 4.8% | 3.2% | 2.2% |
| % 65+ with schizophrenia & other psychotic disorder | | W | 6.6% | 4.6% | 3.1% |
| LIVING WITH DISABILITY | | | | | |
| % 65+ with self-reported hearing difficulty | | | 9.5% | 9.0% | 12.2% |
| % 65+ with self-reported vision difficulty | * | * | 17.8% | 6.6% | 5.1% |
| % 65+ with self-reported cognition difficulty | | | 15.3% | 12.7% | 7.0% |
| % 65+ with self-reported ambulatory difficulty | | | 22.6% | 26.5% | 18.7% |
| % 65+ with self-reported self-care difficulty | | | 10.3% | 12.7% | 7.1% |
| % 65+ with self-reported independent living difficulty | | | 15.3% | 19.4% | 13.0% |
| CAREGIVING | | | | | |
| % grandparents raising grandchildren | | | 0.8% | 1.0% | 0.7% |
| ACCESS TO CARE / SERVICE UTILIZATION | | | | | |
| % 65+ dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid | * | * | 57.5% | 38.5% | 15.0% |
| % 65+ Medicare managed care enrollees | * | * | 58.3% | 53.3% | 51.4% |
| # physician visits per year | * | * | 4.6 | 6.7 | 7.8 |
| # emergency room visits/1000 persons 65+ years annually | | | 480.0 | 512.4 | 500.0 |
| # Part D monthly prescription fills per person annually | | * | 57.3 | 55.8 | 54.2 |
| # home health visits annually | | | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| # durable medical equipment claims annually | | * | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 |
| # inpatient hospital stays/1000 persons 65+ years annually | | | 212.1 | 217.2 | 230.9 |
| % Medicare inpatient hospital readmissions (as % of admissions) | | | 15.7% | 18.0% | 17.1% |
| # skilled nursing facility stays/1000 persons 65+ years annually | | | 80.9 | 79.6 | 76.0 |
| # skilled nursing home Medicare beds/1000 persons 65+ years | | | 81.8 | 57.4 | 41.2 |
| % 65+ getting Medicaid long term services and supports | * | * | 11.2% | 7.6% | 4.0% |
| % 65+ hospice users | | | 2.8% | 3.1% | 3.4% |
| % 65+ hospice users as % of decedents | | * | 37.2% | 40.7% | 50.7% |
| ZIPCODE 02907 (Providence) | | | J _ /v | , , , | PAGE 3 |

TECHNICAL NOTES

*For more information on data sources, measures, and methodology used in the 2025 Rhode Island Healthy Aging Data Report see our technical documentation at (healthyagingdatareports.org). For most indicators, the community and state values are estimates derived from sample data. Thus, it is possible that some of the differences between state and community estimates may be due to chance associated with population sampling. We use the terms "Better" and "Worse" to highlight differences between community and state estimates that we are confident are not due to chance. We balance two goals. First, we aim to report data at very local levels because we believe change is often locally driven. Second, we vowed to protect the privacy of the people providing the information reported. Thus, given the constraints of the data analyzed, we used a hierarchical approach to reporting.

Data Sources:

- Population Characteristics: The U.S. Census Bureau (American Community Survey (ACS)) 2018-2022.
- Housing: ACS, 2018-2022.
- Economic: ACS, 2018-2022.
- Community: ACS, 2018-2022; The CMS Master Beneficiary Summary File ABCD/Other (CMS), 2020-2021.
- Falls: CMS, 2020-2021
- Nutrition/Diet: CMS, 2020-2021.
- Chronic Disease: CMS, 2020-2021.
- Behavioral Health: CMS, 2020-2021.
- Mental Health: CMS, 2020-2021.
- Living with Disability: ACS, 2018-2022.
- Caregiving: CMS, 2020-2021; CMS, 2020-2021.

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<u>Suggested citation</u>: Dugan E, Lee CM, Jansen T, Su YJ, Silverstein NM, & Song Q. (2025). The Rhode Island 2025 Healthy Aging Data Report. Retrieved from <u>www.healthyagingdatareports.org</u>

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