

## New Hampton (Belknap)

New Hampton is a town located in Belknap County and is home to several lakes and George Duncan State Forest. There are 397 residents age 65 or older. Compared to state average rates, older residents fared better on some healthy aging indicators with lower rates of obesity, depression, anxiety and bipolar disorders, schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders, personality disorders, tobacco use disorders, Alzheimer’s disease or related dementias, diabetes, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, asthma, hypertension, ischemic heart disease, congestive heart failure, peripheral vascular disease, hypothyroidism, chronic kidney disease, fibromyalgia/chronic pain/fatigue, and mobility impairments. They are less likely to take the health promotion steps of getting screened for colorectal cancer or always wearing a seatbelt while driving. Community resources to support healthy aging include 2 primary care providers within 5 miles, 4 home health agencies, a public library, and access to broadband.



<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>	<b>BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>COMMUNITY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>STATE ESTIMATE</b>
Total population all ages		2,269	1,327,503
Population 60 years or older as % of total population		26.1%	22.7%
Total population 60 years or older		592	301,630
Population 65 years or older as % of total population		17.5%	15.8%
Total population 65 years or older		397	210,385
% 65-74 years		57.2%	58.5%
% 75-84 years		31.0%	28.6%
% 85 years or older		11.8%	12.9%
Gender (65+ population)			
% female		52.6%	54.7%
Race/Ethnicity (65+ population)			
% White		97.0%	97.7%
% African American		0.0%	0.5%
% Asian		0.0%	0.9%
% Other		3.0%	0.9%
% Hispanic/Latino		0.0%	0.9%
Marital Status (65+ population)			
% married		59.2%	58.5%
% divorced/separated		10.8%	14.0%
% widowed		19.4%	22.9%
% never married		10.6%	4.6%
Education (65+ population)			
% with less than high school education		5.8%	12.3%
% with high school or some college		53.1%	57.1%
% with college degree		41.1%	30.6%
% of 65+ population living alone		27.7%	26.1%
% of 65+ population who speak only English at home		89.7%	91.3%
% of 65+ population who are veterans of military service		24.7%	24.8%
Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate		3.7%	4.1%

<b>HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS</b>	<b>BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>COMMUNITY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>STATE ESTIMATE</b>
<b>Geographic Migration (65+ population) in the past 12 months</b>			
% moved within same county		1.0%	3.6%
% moved from different county in New Hampshire		0.0%	1.0%
% moved from different state		0.0%	1.7%
<b>WELLNESS &amp; PREVENTION</b>			
% 60+ with any physical activity within last month		71.7%	74.5%
% 60+ met CDC guidelines for muscle-strengthening activity		21.8%	26.0%
% 60+ met CDC guidelines for aerobic physical activity		56.3%	58.6%
% 60+ met CDC guidelines for both types of physical activities		16.7%	19.9%
% 60+ getting recommended hours of sleep		58.8%	66.4%
% 60+ injured in a fall within last 12 months		9.6%	10.4%
% 65+ had hip fracture		3.0%	3.3%
% 60+ with self-reported fair or poor health status		17.8%	16.5%
% 60+ with 15+ physically unhealthy days last month		12.4%	12.5%
% 60+ with physical exam/check-up in past year		90.8%	86.5%
% 60+ met CDC preventive health screening goals		38.0%	40.3%
% 60+ flu shot past year		58.8%	59.3%
% 65+ with pneumonia vaccine		77.1%	77.8%
% 60+ with cholesterol screening		93.2%	95.3%
% 60+ women with a mammogram within last 2 years		76.5%	79.3%
% 60+ with colorectal cancer screening	W	69.3%	77.0%
% 60+ with HIV test		9.2%	13.5%
% 60+ current smokers		11.5%	8.1%
<b>Oral Health</b>			
% 60+ with loss of 6 or more teeth		31.2%	29.0%
% 60+ with annual dental exam		68.9%	75.7%
# of dentists per 100,000 persons (all ages) (county)		69	72
<b>NUTRITION/DIET</b>			
% 60+ with 5 or more servings of fruit or vegetables per day		16.8%	20.2%
% 60+ self-reported obese		27.5%	27.2%
% 65+ clinically diagnosed obese	B	12.3%	16.7%
% 65+ with high cholesterol		70.6%	72.2%
% 60+ excessive drinking		11.0%	9.2%
% 65+ with poor supermarket access		0.0%	28.4%

<b>HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS</b>	<b>BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>COMMUNITY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>STATE ESTIMATE</b>
<b>BEHAVIORAL HEALTH</b>			
% 60+ with 15+ days poor mental health last month		6.9%	6.9%
% 65+ with depression	B	24.5%	28.8%
% 65+ with anxiety disorders	B	18.1%	21.9%
% 65+ with bipolar disorders	B	2.0%	3.1%
% 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorder		1.2%	1.4%
% 65+ with schizophrenia & other psychotic disorders	B	2.9%	4.9%
% 65+ with personality disorders	B	0.6%	1.1%
# opioid deaths (all ages) (county)		53	1,279
% 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/- alcohol abuse)		4.8%	5.5%
% 65+ with tobacco use disorders	B	7.9%	10.4%
<b>CHRONIC DISEASE</b>			
% 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias	B	9.7%	12.0%
% 65+ with diabetes	B	24.3%	28.2%
% 65+ with stroke		10.0%	10.8%
% 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	B	15.7%	20.5%
% 65+ with asthma	B	10.8%	13.0%
% 65+ with hypertension	B	66.2%	70.2%
% 65+ ever had a heart attack		4.1%	4.5%
% 65+ with ischemic heart disease	B	30.9%	34.3%
% 65+ with congestive heart failure	B	13.4%	17.7%
% 65+ with atrial fibrillation		13.0%	14.4%
% 65+ with peripheral vascular disease	B	12.5%	14.7%
% 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis		48.3%	49.1%
% 65+ with osteoporosis		15.6%	17.4%
% 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas		1.5%	2.0%
% 65+ with lung cancer		1.2%	1.6%
% 65+ with colon cancer		2.0%	2.4%
% 65+ women with breast cancer		8.5%	9.8%
% 65+ women with endometrial cancer		1.2%	1.7%
% 65+ men with prostate cancer		12.8%	11.5%
% 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia		38.0%	36.8%
% 65+ with HIV/AIDS		0.04%	0.05%
% 65+ with hypothyroidism	B	16.5%	20.8%
% 65+ with anemia		35.6%	37.3%
% 65+ with chronic kidney disease	B	15.0%	22.3%
% 65+ with liver diseases		6.2%	6.9%
% 65+ with fibromyalgia, chronic pain and fatigue	B	15.8%	18.6%

<b>HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS</b>	<b>BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>COMMUNITY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>STATE ESTIMATE</b>
% 65+ with migraine and other chronic headache		3.9%	4.0%
% 65+ with epilepsy		1.6%	2.1%
% 65+ with traumatic brain injury		1.2%	1.1%
% 65+ with autism spectrum disorders		N/A	0.03%
% 65+ with glaucoma		21.5%	22.9%
% 65+ with cataract		62.0%	61.2%
% 65+ with pressure ulcer or chronic ulcer		6.8%	7.1%
% 65+ with 4+ (out of 15) chronic conditions	B	47.7%	54.4%
% 65+ with 0 chronic conditions		10.1%	10.3%
<b>LIVING WITH DISABILITY</b>			
% 65+ with self-reported hearing difficulty		16.6%	15.0%
% 65+ with clinical diagnosis of deafness or hearing impairment		14.5%	14.4%
% 65+ with self-reported vision difficulty		3.8%	5.2%
% 65+ with clinical diagnosis of blindness or visual impairment		0.8%	0.9%
% 65+ with self-reported cognition difficulty		1.3%	6.9%
% 65+ with self-reported ambulatory difficulty		23.9%	18.8%
% 65+ with clinical diagnosis of mobility impairments	B	2.2%	3.2%
% 65+ with self-reported self-care difficulty		1.3%	5.6%
% 65+ with self-reported independent living difficulty		7.1%	11.3%
<b>ACCESS TO CARE</b>			
Medicare (65+ population)			
% Medicare managed care enrollees		8.2%	7.9%
% dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid	*	4.8%	7.5%
% 60+ with a regular doctor		93.5%	95.8%
% 60+ who did not see doctor when needed due to cost		6.5%	5.4%
# of primary care providers within 5 miles		2	2,961
# of hospitals within 5 miles		0	26
# of nursing homes within 5 miles		0	74
# of home health agencies		4	49
# of community health centers		0	22
# of adult day health centers		0	21
# of memory cafes		0	12
# of dementia-related support groups		0	14

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<b>SERVICE UTILIZATION</b>			
Physician visits per year		6.5	6.3
Emergency room visits/1000 persons 65+ years per year	*	487	572
Part D monthly prescription fills per person per year	*	42.5	49.1
Home health visits per year		2.0	2.5
Durable medical equipment claims per year		1.8	2.0
Inpatient hospital stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year	*	191	237
Medicare inpatient hospital readmissions (as % of admissions)		17.7%	15.8%
# skilled nursing facility stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year		68	76
# skilled nursing home Medicare beds/1000 persons 65+ years		0	33
% 65+ getting Medicaid long term services and supports	*	2.2%	3.7%
<b>COMMUNITY VARIABLES &amp; CIVIC ENGAGEMENT</b>			
AARP Age-Friendly efforts in community		Not yet	Yes
# of senior centers		0	38
Air pollution: annual # of unhealthy days for 65+ (county)		0	N/A
% of grandparents raising grandchildren		0.0%	0.8%
% of grandparents who live with grandchildren		2.1%	2.5%
# of assisted living sites		0	134
% of vacant homes in community		22.4%	16.0%
# of universities and community colleges		0	41
# of public libraries		1	234
# of YMCAs		0	11
% in county with access to broadband (all ages)		95.0%	93.0%
% 60+ who used Internet in last month		70.4%	77.6%
Voter participation rate in 2018 election (age 18+)		60.8%	54.7%
<b>SAFETY &amp; TRANSPORTATION</b>			
Violent crime rate /100,000 persons		106	207
Homicide rate /100,000 persons (county)		N/A	1
# firearm fatalities (county)		31	586
Property crime rate /100,000 persons		1,835	2,012
% 65+ who own a motor vehicle		93.1%	91.0%
% 60+ who always drive wearing a seatbelt	W	66.1%	77.1%
# of fatal crashes involving adult age 60+/town		2	151
# of fatal crashes involving adult age 60+/county		6	151

HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS	BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE <sup>1</sup>	COMMUNITY ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
<b>ECONOMIC &amp; HOUSING VARIABLES</b>			
% 65+ with income below the poverty line past year		17.4%	5.4%
% 60+ receiving food stamps past year		5.5%	5.7%
% 65+ employed past year		21.7%	24.8%
Household income (65+ householder)			
% households with annual income < \$20,000		23.3%	18.2%
% households with annual income \$20,000-\$49,999		40.5%	36.5%
% households with annual income > \$50,000		36.2%	45.3%
% 60+ own home		92.7%	79.9%
% 60+ have mortgage on home		47.6%	35.3%
% 65+ households spend >35% of income on housing (renter)		2.2%	8.7%
% 65+ households spend >35% of income on housing (owner)		32.8%	21.2%
<b>COST OF LIVING</b>	<b>\$ COUNTY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>\$ STATE ESTIMATE</b>	<b>RATIO (COUNTY/STATE)</b>
Elder Economic Security Standard Index			
Single, homeowner without mortgage, good health	\$24,000	\$25,284	0.95
Single, renter, good health	\$25,032	\$26,400	0.95
Couple, homeowner without mortgage, good health	\$35,940	\$37,128	0.97
Couple, renter, good health	\$36,972	\$38,244	0.97

#### TECHNICAL NOTES

\*See our technical report (online at <https://healthyagingdatareports.org/>) for more information on data sources, measures, methodology, and margin of errors. For most indicators the reported community and state values are both estimates derived from sample data. Thus, it is possible that some of the differences between state and community estimates may be due to chance associated with population sampling. We use the terms “better” and “worse” to highlight differences between community and state estimates that we are confident are not due to chance. “Better” is used where a higher/lower value has positive implications for the health of older residents. “Worse” is used where a higher/lower score has negative implications for the health of older people, and when the implication is unclear, we use an \*. We balance two goals. First, we aim to report data at very local levels because we believe change is often locally driven. Second, we vowed to protect the privacy of the people providing the information reported. Thus, given the constraints of the data analyzed we used a hierarchical approach to reporting. When possible we report estimates for 244 geographic units (i.e., every NH city/town and 5 Manchester neighborhoods, 4 Nashua neighborhoods). For example, the population characteristics were reported for all 244 units. For other data (i.e., highly prevalent chronic disease, health services utilization) we could report for 154 geographic units. For less prevalent conditions we report for 69 geographic units. For the BRFSS data we report for 28 geographic units, and for the lowest prevalence conditions (e.g., HIV) we report for 4 geographic units. The same estimate is reported for all cities/towns within aggregated geographic areas. Maps of the different geographic groupings and the rationale behind the groupings are in the Technical Report.

#### Data Sources:

- Population Characteristics: The U.S. Census Bureau (American Community Survey 2012-2016).
- Wellness & Prevention: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (2011-2016).
- Nutrition/Diet: BRFSS (2011-2016), CMS (2014-2015), and the U.S. Department of Agriculture Food Atlas (2017).
- Behavioral Health: BRFSS (2011-2016), CMS (2014-2015), CDC Wonder website (2014-2016).
- Chronic Disease: The Master Beneficiary Summary File ABCD/Other from CMS (2014-2015).
- Disability: CMS (2014-2015) for the clinical measures, and ACS (2012-2016) for the self-reported disability.
- Access to Care: BRFSS (2011-2016), CMS (2015), Medicare.gov (June-July 2018), the NH Division of Public Health Services (2018), National Adult Day Services Association (2018), memorycaredirectory.com (2018), and the Alzheimer’s Association (July 2018).
- Service Utilization: CMS (2015), and Medicare Nursing Home Compare (December 2018).
- Community & Civic Engagement: AARP (2018 update; <https://www.aarp.org/livable-communities/network-age-friendly-communities/info-2014/member-list.html>), the Aging & Disability Resource Center, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Air Compare (2016), assistedlivingfacilities.org, ACS (2012-2016), the NH Department of Business and Economic Affairs Division of Travel and Tourism Development (August 2018), NH YMCA (July 2018), the Federal Communications Commission (2016), BRFSS (2011-2016), and the NH Secretary of State.
- Safety & Transportation: U.S. Department of Justice Federal Bureau of Investigation (August 2017), the County Health Rankings (2018), BRFSS (2011-2016), ACS (2012-2016), and the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (2011-2015).
- Economic & Housing, Cost of Living: ACS (2012-2016) and the Center for Social and Demographic Research on Aging at the University of Massachusetts Boston (August 2017).

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