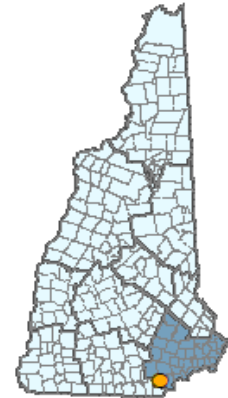


## Windham (Rockingham)

Windham is an urban town in Rockingham County that hosts an annual Strawberry Festival featuring food from local businesses. There are 1,902 residents age 65 or older. Compared to state average rates, older residents fared better on some healthy aging indicators with lower rates of hip fracture, depression, anxiety and bipolar disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, personality disorders, substance and tobacco use disorders, Alzheimer’s disease or related dementias, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, asthma, peripheral vascular disease, benign prostatic hyperplasia, fibromyalgia/chronic pain/fatigue, epilepsy, and pressure ulcers. However, they had a higher rate of high cholesterol. They are more likely to take the health promotion steps of having regular mammograms and annual dental exams. Community resources to support healthy aging include 70 primary care providers and a nursing home within 5 miles, 13 home health agencies, a senior center, 5 assisted living sites, a public library, and access to broadband.



<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>	<b>BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>COMMUNITY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>STATE ESTIMATE</b>
Total population all ages		14,238	1,327,503
Population 60 years or older as % of total population		21.0%	22.7%
Total population 60 years or older		2,994	301,630
Population 65 years or older as % of total population		13.4%	15.8%
Total population 65 years or older		1,902	210,385
% 65-74 years		60.6%	58.5%
% 75-84 years		28.1%	28.6%
% 85 years or older		11.3%	12.9%
Gender (65+ population)			
% female		48.0%	54.7%
Race/Ethnicity (65+ population)			
% White		97.8%	97.7%
% African American		0.0%	0.5%
% Asian		1.8%	0.9%
% Other		0.4%	0.9%
% Hispanic/Latino		0.0%	0.9%
Marital Status (65+ population)			
% married		62.1%	58.5%
% divorced/separated		14.3%	14.0%
% widowed		22.9%	22.9%
% never married		0.7%	4.6%
Education (65+ population)			
% with less than high school education		12.6%	12.3%
% with high school or some college		52.1%	57.1%
% with college degree		35.3%	30.6%
% of 65+ population living alone		18.7%	26.1%
% of 65+ population who speak only English at home		94.1%	91.3%
% of 65+ population who are veterans of military service		30.7%	24.8%
Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate		4.3%	4.1%

<b>HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS</b>	<b>BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>COMMUNITY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>STATE ESTIMATE</b>
<b>Geographic Migration (65+ population) in the past 12 months</b>			
% moved within same county		1.0%	3.6%
% moved from different county in New Hampshire		0.0%	1.0%
% moved from different state		3.5%	1.7%
<b>WELLNESS &amp; PREVENTION</b>			
% 60+ with any physical activity within last month		75.1%	74.5%
% 60+ met CDC guidelines for muscle-strengthening activity		28.5%	26.0%
% 60+ met CDC guidelines for aerobic physical activity		61.7%	58.6%
% 60+ met CDC guidelines for both types of physical activities		20.5%	19.9%
% 60+ getting recommended hours of sleep		64.8%	66.4%
% 60+ injured in a fall within last 12 months		9.5%	10.4%
% 65+ had hip fracture	B	2.5%	3.3%
% 60+ with self-reported fair or poor health status		14.3%	16.5%
% 60+ with 15+ physically unhealthy days last month		9.5%	12.5%
% 60+ with physical exam/check-up in past year		90.4%	86.5%
% 60+ met CDC preventive health screening goals		46.3%	40.3%
% 60+ flu shot past year		56.8%	59.3%
% 65+ with pneumonia vaccine		74.7%	77.8%
% 60+ with cholesterol screening		97.6%	95.3%
% 60+ women with a mammogram within last 2 years	B	93.4%	79.3%
% 60+ with colorectal cancer screening		81.1%	77.0%
% 60+ with HIV test		9.9%	13.5%
% 60+ current smokers		7.9%	8.1%
<b>Oral Health</b>			
% 60+ with loss of 6 or more teeth		25.4%	29.0%
% 60+ with annual dental exam	B	82.6%	75.7%
# of dentists per 100,000 persons (all ages) (county)		72	72
<b>NUTRITION/DIET</b>			
% 60+ with 5 or more servings of fruit or vegetables per day		20.3%	20.2%
% 60+ self-reported obese		32.0%	27.2%
% 65+ clinically diagnosed obese		17.2%	16.7%
% 65+ with high cholesterol	W	75.0%	72.2%
% 60+ excessive drinking		11.2%	9.2%
% 65+ with poor supermarket access		77.1%	28.4%

<b>HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS</b>	<b>BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>COMMUNITY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>STATE ESTIMATE</b>
<b>BEHAVIORAL HEALTH</b>			
% 60+ with 15+ days poor mental health last month		5.3%	6.9%
% 65+ with depression	B	24.2%	28.8%
% 65+ with anxiety disorders	B	19.0%	21.9%
% 65+ with bipolar disorders	B	2.3%	3.1%
% 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorder	B	0.7%	1.4%
% 65+ with schizophrenia & other psychotic disorders	B	3.9%	4.9%
% 65+ with personality disorders	B	0.6%	1.1%
# opioid deaths (all ages) (county)		276	1,279
% 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/- alcohol abuse)	B	4.1%	5.5%
% 65+ with tobacco use disorders	B	7.1%	10.4%
<b>CHRONIC DISEASE</b>			
% 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias	B	9.9%	12.0%
% 65+ with diabetes		28.4%	28.2%
% 65+ with stroke		9.5%	10.8%
% 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	B	16.5%	20.5%
% 65+ with asthma	B	11.0%	13.0%
% 65+ with hypertension		70.7%	70.2%
% 65+ ever had a heart attack		3.7%	4.5%
% 65+ with ischemic heart disease		32.0%	34.3%
% 65+ with congestive heart failure		16.5%	17.7%
% 65+ with atrial fibrillation		13.4%	14.4%
% 65+ with peripheral vascular disease	B	11.9%	14.7%
% 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis		47.9%	49.1%
% 65+ with osteoporosis		16.9%	17.4%
% 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas		2.2%	2.0%
% 65+ with lung cancer		1.5%	1.6%
% 65+ with colon cancer		2.7%	2.4%
% 65+ women with breast cancer		10.1%	9.8%
% 65+ women with endometrial cancer		1.8%	1.7%
% 65+ men with prostate cancer		12.3%	11.5%
% 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia	B	32.8%	36.8%
% 65+ with HIV/AIDS		0.04%	0.05%
% 65+ with hypothyroidism		22.3%	20.8%
% 65+ with anemia		37.0%	37.3%
% 65+ with chronic kidney disease		22.9%	22.3%
% 65+ with liver diseases		6.9%	6.9%
% 65+ with fibromyalgia, chronic pain and fatigue	B	15.4%	18.6%

<b>HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS</b>	<b>BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>COMMUNITY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>STATE ESTIMATE</b>
% 65+ with migraine and other chronic headache		4.0%	4.0%
% 65+ with epilepsy	B	1.5%	2.1%
% 65+ with traumatic brain injury		1.1%	1.1%
% 65+ with autism spectrum disorders		N/A	0.03%
% 65+ with glaucoma		23.9%	22.9%
% 65+ with cataract		61.9%	61.2%
% 65+ with pressure ulcer or chronic ulcer	B	5.5%	7.1%
% 65+ with 4+ (out of 15) chronic conditions	B	51.4%	54.4%
% 65+ with 0 chronic conditions		9.4%	10.3%
<b>LIVING WITH DISABILITY</b>			
% 65+ with self-reported hearing difficulty	B	9.7%	15.0%
% 65+ with clinical diagnosis of deafness or hearing impairment		13.7%	14.4%
% 65+ with self-reported vision difficulty		4.1%	5.2%
% 65+ with clinical diagnosis of blindness or visual impairment		0.7%	0.9%
% 65+ with self-reported cognition difficulty		5.7%	6.9%
% 65+ with self-reported ambulatory difficulty	B	10.3%	18.8%
% 65+ with clinical diagnosis of mobility impairments		2.6%	3.2%
% 65+ with self-reported self-care difficulty		4.1%	5.6%
% 65+ with self-reported independent living difficulty	B	5.3%	11.3%
<b>ACCESS TO CARE</b>			
Medicare (65+ population)			
% Medicare managed care enrollees	*	10.2%	7.9%
% dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid	*	3.5%	7.5%
% 60+ with a regular doctor	B	99.2%	95.8%
% 60+ who did not see doctor when needed due to cost		11.0%	5.4%
# of primary care providers within 5 miles		70	2,961
# of hospitals within 5 miles		0	26
# of nursing homes within 5 miles		1	74
# of home health agencies		13	49
# of community health centers		0	22
# of adult day health centers		0	21
# of memory cafes		0	12
# of dementia-related support groups		0	14

<b>HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS</b>	<b>BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>COMMUNITY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>STATE ESTIMATE</b>
<b>SERVICE UTILIZATION</b>			
Physician visits per year	*	7.4	6.3
Emergency room visits/1000 persons 65+ years per year	*	376	572
Part D monthly prescription fills per person per year	*	45.1	49.1
Home health visits per year	*	1.9	2.5
Durable medical equipment claims per year		1.8	2.0
Inpatient hospital stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year		209	237
Medicare inpatient hospital readmissions (as % of admissions)		16.7%	15.8%
# skilled nursing facility stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year		59	76
# skilled nursing home Medicare beds/1000 persons 65+ years		13	33
% 65+ getting Medicaid long term services and supports	*	2.7%	3.7%
<b>COMMUNITY VARIABLES &amp; CIVIC ENGAGEMENT</b>			
AARP Age-Friendly efforts in community		Not yet	Yes
# of senior centers		1	38
Air pollution: annual # of unhealthy days for 65+ (county)		2	N/A
% of grandparents raising grandchildren		1.0%	0.8%
% of grandparents who live with grandchildren		3.5%	2.5%
# of assisted living sites		5	134
% of vacant homes in community		4.0%	16.0%
# of universities and community colleges		0	41
# of public libraries		1	234
# of YMCAs		0	11
% in county with access to broadband (all ages)		99.0%	93.0%
% 60+ who used Internet in last month		80.1%	77.6%
Voter participation rate in 2018 election (age 18+)		63.6%	54.7%
<b>SAFETY &amp; TRANSPORTATION</b>			
Violent crime rate /100,000 persons		59	207
Homicide rate /100,000 persons (county)		1	1
# firearm fatalities (county)		92	586
Property crime rate /100,000 persons		716	2,012
% 65+ who own a motor vehicle		93.1%	91.0%
% 60+ who always drive wearing a seatbelt		78.4%	77.1%
# of fatal crashes involving adult age 60+/town		2	151
# of fatal crashes involving adult age 60+/county		31	151

HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS	BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE <sup>1</sup>	COMMUNITY ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
<b>ECONOMIC &amp; HOUSING VARIABLES</b>			
% 65+ with income below the poverty line past year		4.8%	5.4%
% 60+ receiving food stamps past year		2.5%	5.7%
% 65+ employed past year		30.8%	24.8%
Household income (65+ householder)			
% households with annual income < \$20,000		9.3%	18.2%
% households with annual income \$20,000-\$49,999		24.1%	36.5%
% households with annual income > \$50,000		66.6%	45.3%
% 60+ own home		92.7%	79.9%
% 60+ have mortgage on home		48.9%	35.3%
% 65+ households spend >35% of income on housing (renter)		4.1%	8.7%
% 65+ households spend >35% of income on housing (owner)		26.7%	21.2%
<b>COST OF LIVING</b>	<b>\$ COUNTY ESTIMATE</b>	<b>\$ STATE ESTIMATE</b>	<b>RATIO (COUNTY/STATE)</b>
Elder Economic Security Standard Index			
Single, homeowner without mortgage, good health	\$25,536	\$25,284	1.01
Single, renter, good health	\$26,712	\$26,400	1.01
Couple, homeowner without mortgage, good health	\$37,092	\$37,128	1.00
Couple, renter, good health	\$38,268	\$38,244	1.00

#### TECHNICAL NOTES

\*See our technical report (online at <https://healthyagingdatareports.org/>) for more information on data sources, measures, methodology, and margin of errors. For most indicators the reported community and state values are both estimates derived from sample data. Thus, it is possible that some of the differences between state and community estimates may be due to chance associated with population sampling. We use the terms “better” and “worse” to highlight differences between community and state estimates that we are confident are not due to chance. “Better” is used where a higher/lower value has positive implications for the health of older residents. “Worse” is used where a higher/lower score has negative implications for the health of older people, and when the implication is unclear, we use an \*. We balance two goals. First, we aim to report data at very local levels because we believe change is often locally driven. Second, we vowed to protect the privacy of the people providing the information reported. Thus, given the constraints of the data analyzed we used a hierarchical approach to reporting. When possible we report estimates for 244 geographic units (i.e., every NH city/town and 5 Manchester neighborhoods, 4 Nashua neighborhoods). For example, the population characteristics were reported for all 244 units. For other data (i.e., highly prevalent chronic disease, health services utilization) we could report for 154 geographic units. For less prevalent conditions we report for 69 geographic units. For the BRFSS data we report for 28 geographic units, and for the lowest prevalence conditions (e.g., HIV) we report for 4 geographic units. The same estimate is reported for all cities/towns within aggregated geographic areas. Maps of the different geographic groupings and the rationale behind the groupings are in the Technical Report.

#### Data Sources:

- Population Characteristics: The U.S. Census Bureau (American Community Survey 2012-2016).
- Wellness & Prevention: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (2011-2016).
- Nutrition/Diet: BRFSS (2011-2016), CMS (2014-2015), and the U.S. Department of Agriculture Food Atlas (2017).
- Behavioral Health: BRFSS (2011-2016), CMS (2014-2015), CDC Wonder website (2014-2016).
- Chronic Disease: The Master Beneficiary Summary File ABCD/Other from CMS (2014-2015).
- Disability: CMS (2014-2015) for the clinical measures, and ACS (2012-2016) for the self-reported disability.
- Access to Care: BRFSS (2011-2016), CMS (2015), Medicare.gov (June-July 2018), the NH Division of Public Health Services (2018), National Adult Day Services Association (2018), memorycaresdirectory.com (2018), and the Alzheimer’s Association (July 2018).
- Service Utilization: CMS (2015), and Medicare Nursing Home Compare (December 2018).
- Community & Civic Engagement: AARP (2018 update; <https://www.aarp.org/livable-communities/network-age-friendly-communities/info-2014/member-list.html>), the Aging & Disability Resource Center, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Air Compare (2016), assistedlivingfacilities.org, ACS (2012-2016), the NH Department of Business and Economic Affairs Division of Travel and Tourism Development (August 2018), NH YMCA (July 2018), the Federal Communications Commission (2016), BRFSS (2011-2016), and the NH Secretary of State.
- Safety & Transportation: U.S. Department of Justice Federal Bureau of Investigation (August 2017), the County Health Rankings (2018), BRFSS (2011-2016), ACS (2012-2016), and the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (2011-2015).
- Economic & Housing, Cost of Living: ACS (2012-2016) and the Center for Social and Demographic Research on Aging at the University of Massachusetts Boston (August 2017).

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