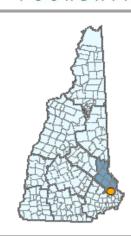
TUFTS Health Plan

Durham (Strafford)

Durham is an urban town in Strafford County that is home to the University of New Hampshire. There are 1,211 residents age 65 or older. Compared to state average rates, older residents fared better on some healthy aging indicators with lower rates of obesity, tobacco use disorders, diabetes, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, hypertension, congestive heart failure, and chronic kidney disease. However, they had higher rates of schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders, benign prostatic hyperplasia, cataracts, and hearing impairment. They are more likely to take the health promotion steps of having a regular doctor, always wearing a seatbelt when driving, and undergoing a cholesterol or colorectal cancer screening. Community resources to support healthy aging include a memory cafe, a dementia support group, an assisted living site, 10 home health agencies, 9 primary care providers within 5 miles, and a public library.



POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS	BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE ¹	COMMUNITY ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
Total population all ages		15,934	1,327,503
Population 60 years or older as % of total population		10.7%	22.7%
Total population 60 years or older		1,700	301,630
Population 65 years or older as % of total population		7.6%	15.8%
Total population 65 years or older		1,211	210,385
% 65-74 years		58.4%	58.5%
% 75-84 years		30.4%	28.6%
% 85 years or older		11.2%	12.9%
Gender (65+ population)			
% female		50.5%	54.7%
Race/Ethnicity (65+ population)			
% White		97.7%	97.7%
% African American		0.0%	0.5%
% Asian		2.3%	0.9%
% Other		0.0%	0.9%
% Hispanic/Latino		0.0%	0.9%
Marital Status (65+ population)			
% married		70.4%	58.5%
% divorced/separated		6.2%	14.0%
% widowed		19.0%	22.9%
% never married		4.4%	4.6%
Education (65+ population)			
% with less than high school education		0.5%	12.3%
% with high school or some college		27.7%	57.1%
% with college degree		71.8%	30.6%
% of 65+ population living alone		22.2%	26.1%
% of 65+ population who speak only English at home		95.0%	91.3%
% of 65+ population who are veterans of military service		22.2%	24.8%
Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate		3.7%	4.1%
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HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS	BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE ¹	COMMUNITY ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
Geographic Migration (65+ population) in the past 12 months			
% moved within same county		0.1%	3.6%
% moved from different county in New Hampshire		0.3%	1.0%
% moved from different state		1.1%	1.7%
WELLNESS & PREVENTION			
% 60+ with any physical activity within last month		77.2%	74.5%
% 60+ met CDC guidelines for muscle-strengthening activity		25.4%	26.0%
% 60+ met CDC guidelines for aerobic physical activity		61.9%	58.6%
% 60+ met CDC guidelines for both types of physical activities		21.6%	19.9%
% 60+ getting recommended hours of sleep		69.3%	66.4%
% 60+ injured in a fall within last 12 months		12.2%	10.4%
% 65+ had hip fracture		2.9%	3.3%
% 60+ with self-reported fair or poor health status		13.4%	16.5%
% 60+ with 15+ physically unhealthy days last month		9.8%	12.5%
% 60+ with physical exam/check-up in past year		90.0%	86.5%
% 60+ met CDC preventive health screening goals		44.3%	40.3%
% 60+ flu shot past year		61.6%	59.3%
% 65+ with pneumonia vaccine		79.8%	77.8%
% 60+ with cholesterol screening	В	98.6%	95.3%
% 60+ women with a mammogram within last 2 years		78.2%	79.3%
% 60+ with colorectal cancer screening	В	83.6%	77.0%
% 60+ with HIV test		10.9%	13.5%
% 60+ current smokers		6.4%	8.1%
Oral Health			
% 60+ with loss of 6 or more teeth		26.9%	29.0%
% 60+ with annual dental exam		80.0%	75.7%
# of dentists per 100,000 persons (all ages) (county)		68	72
NUTRITION/DIET			
% 60+ with 5 or more servings of fruit or vegetables per day		22.7%	20.2%
% 60+ self-reported obese		24.4%	27.2%
% 65+ clinically diagnosed obese	В	12.3%	16.7%
% 65+ with high cholesterol		73.8%	72.2%
% 60+ excessive drinking		10.6%	9.2%
% 65+ with poor supermarket access		2.5%	28.4%

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH % 60+ with 15+ days poor mental health last month % 65+ with depression % 65+ with anxiety disorders % 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorder % 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorders % 65+ with personality disorders # opioid deaths (all ages) (county) % 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/or alcohol abuse) % 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/or alcohol abuse) % 65+ with substance use disorders B CHRONIC DISEASE % 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with stroke % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease % 65+ with stroke % 65+ with stroke % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ wenen with prostate cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with hIII/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism % 65+ with hypothyroidism % 65+ with nemia	COMMUNITY ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
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% 65+ with anxiety disorders % 65+ with bipolar disorders % 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorder % 65+ with schizophrenia & other psychotic disorders	6.9%	6.9%
% 65+ with bipolar disorders % 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorder % 65+ with schizophrenia & other psychotic disorders W 65+ with personality disorders # opioid deaths (all ages) (county) % 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/or alcohol abuse) % 65+ with tobacco use disorders B CHRONIC DISEASE % 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with stroke % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease B % 65+ with asthma 8 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ with nade a heart attack % 65+ with congestive heart disease % 65+ with osteoparthitis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoparosis % 65+ with osteoparosis % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with broastac cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with hypothyroidism	26.9%	28.8%
% 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorder % 65+ with schizophrenia & other psychotic disorders # opioid deaths (all ages) (county) % 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/or alcohol abuse) % 65+ with tobacco use disorders (drug use +/or alcohol abuse) % 65+ with tobacco use disorders B CHRONIC DISEASE % 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with stroke % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease B % 65+ with asthma % 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with congestive heart disease % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with hypothyroidism % 65+ with hypothyroidism	21.4%	21.9%
% 65+ with schizophrenia & other psychotic disorders # opioid deaths (all ages) (county) % 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/or alcohol abuse) % 65+ with tobacco use disorders B CHRONIC DISEASE % 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease B % 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with congestive heart failure B % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with brostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with hypothyroidism	2.7%	3.1%
% 65+ with personality disorders # opioid deaths (all ages) (county) % 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/or alcohol abuse) % 65+ with tobacco use disorders B CHRONIC DISEASE % 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease B % 65+ with asthma B % 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure B % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoprosis % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with hllV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	1.1%	1.4%
# opioid deaths (all ages) (county) % 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/or alcohol abuse) % 65+ with tobacco use disorders B CHRONIC DISEASE % 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease B % 65+ with asthma % 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure B % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoprosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	6.3%	4.9%
% 65+ with substance use disorders (drug use +/or alcohol abuse) % 65+ with tobacco use disorders CHRONIC DISEASE % 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with stroke % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease B % 65+ with asthma % 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure B % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ men with postatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	0.9%	1.1%
% 65+ with tobacco use disorders CHRONIC DISEASE % 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias % 65+ with diabetes B % 65+ with stroke % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease B % 65+ with asthma % 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure B % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ men with postate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with hypothyroidism	142	1,279
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% 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias % 65+ with diabetes % 65+ with stroke % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease % 65+ with asthma % 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure B % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	6.0%	10.4%
% 65+ with diabetes % 65+ with stroke % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease % 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease % 65+ with asthma % 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure B % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoprosis % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with hIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism		
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% 65+ with hypertension B % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure B % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with hypothyroidism	11.9%	10.8%
% 65+ with hypertension % 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure B % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	17.8%	20.5%
% 65+ ever had a heart attack % 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	11.5%	13.0%
% 65+ with ischemic heart disease % 65+ with congestive heart failure % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	65.6%	70.2%
% 65+ with congestive heart failure % 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ women with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	4.1%	4.5%
% 65+ with atrial fibrillation % 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	34.2%	34.3%
% 65+ with peripheral vascular disease % 65+ with osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis % 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	14.8%	17.7%
% 65+ with osteoporosis % 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	15.7%	14.4%
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% 65+ with leukemias and lymphomas % 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	50.0%	49.1%
% 65+ with lung cancer % 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	19.5%	17.4%
% 65+ with colon cancer % 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	1.7%	2.0%
% 65+ women with breast cancer % 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	1.2%	1.6%
% 65+ women with endometrial cancer % 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	2.9%	2.4%
% 65+ men with prostate cancer % 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	12.1%	9.8%
% 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia W % 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	1.2%	1.7%
% 65+ with HIV/AIDS % 65+ with hypothyroidism	14.5%	11.5%
% 65+ with hypothyroidism	46.4%	36.8%
- i i	0.04%	0.05%
% 65+ with anemia	22.3%	20.8%
	34.9%	37.3%
% 65+ with chronic kidney disease B	18.2%	22.3%
% 65+ with liver diseases	5.7%	6.9%
% 65+ with fibromyalgia, chronic pain and fatigue	19.1%	18.6%

HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS	BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE ¹	COMMUNITY ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
% 65+ with migraine and other chronic headache		4.4%	4.0%
% 65+ with epilepsy		2.0%	2.1%
% 65+ with traumatic brain injury		1.3%	1.1%
% 65+ with autism spectrum disorders		N/A	0.03%
% 65+ with glaucoma		24.9%	22.9%
% 65+ with cataract	W	66.7%	61.2%
% 65+ with pressure ulcer or chronic ulcer		7.3%	7.1%
% 65+ with 4+ (out of 15) chronic conditions	В	50.6%	54.4%
% 65+ with 0 chronic conditions		9.8%	10.3%
LIVING WITH DISABILITY			
% 65+ with self-reported hearing difficulty	В	8.3%	15.0%
% 65+ with clinical diagnosis of deafness or hearing impairment	W	17.9%	14.4%
% 65+ with self-reported vision difficulty		4.5%	5.2%
% 65+ with clinical diagnosis of blindness or visual impairment		0.7%	0.9%
% 65+ with self-reported cognition difficulty		6.4%	6.9%
% 65+ with self-reported ambulatory difficulty		14.4%	18.8%
% 65+ with clinical diagnosis of mobility impairments		2.8%	3.2%
% 65+ with self-reported self-care difficulty		5.1%	5.6%
% 65+ with self-reported independent living difficulty		10.9%	11.3%
ACCESS TO CARE			
Medicare (65+ population)			
% Medicare managed care enrollees	*	5.2%	7.9%
% dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid	*	3.3%	7.5%
% 60+ with a regular doctor	В	98.2%	95.8%
% 60+ who did not see doctor when needed due to cost		4.2%	5.4%
# of primary care providers within 5 miles		9	2,961
# of hospitals within 5 miles		0	26
# of nursing homes within 5 miles		0	74
# of home health agencies		10	49
# of community health centers		0	22
# of adult day health centers		0	21
# of memory cafes		1	12
# of dementia-related support groups		1	14

HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS	BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE ¹	COMMUNITY ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
SERVICE UTILIZATION			
Physician visits per year	*	7.6	6.3
Emergency room visits/1000 persons 65+ years per year	*	461	572
Part D monthly prescription fills per person per year		46.2	49.1
Home health visits per year		2.4	2.5
Durable medical equipment claims per year	*	1.3	2.0
Inpatient hospital stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year		201	237
Medicare inpatient hospital readmissions (as % of admissions)		14.4%	15.8%
# skilled nursing facility stays/1000 persons 65+ years per year	*	53	76
# skilled nursing home Medicare beds/1000 persons 65+ years		0	33
% 65+ getting Medicaid long term services and supports	*	1.8%	3.7%
COMMUNITY VARIABLES & CIVIC ENGAGEMENT			
AARP Age-Friendly efforts in community		Not yet	Yes
# of senior centers		0	44
Air pollution: annual # of unhealthy days for 65+ (county)		N/A	N/A
% of grandparents raising grandchildren		0.2%	0.8%
% of grandparents who live with grandchildren		1.2%	2.5%
# of assisted living sites		1	134
% of vacant homes in community		12.3%	16.0%
# of universities and community colleges		1	41
# of public libraries		1	234
# of YMCAs		0	12
% in county with access to broadband (all ages)		97.0%	93.0%
% 60+ who used Internet in last month		80.1%	77.6%
Voter participation rate in 2018 election (age 18+)		46.0%	54.7%
SAFETY & TRANSPORTATION			
Violent crime rate /100,000 persons		109	207
Homicide rate /100,000 persons (county)		1	1
# firearm fatalities (county)		52	586
Property crime rate /100,000 persons		629	2,012
% 65+ who own a motor vehicle		92.0%	91.0%
% 60+ who always drive wearing a seatbelt	В	83.1%	77.1%
# of fatal crashes involving adult age 60+/town		1	151
# of fatal crashes involving adult age 60+/county		17	151

HEALTHY AGING INDICATORS	BETTER / WORSE STATE RATE ¹	COMMUNITY ESTIMATE	STATE ESTIMATE
ECONOMIC & HOUSING VARIABLES			
% 65+ with income below the poverty line past year		3.8%	5.4%
% 60+ receiving food stamps past year		3.7%	5.7%
% 65+ employed past year		23.5%	24.8%
Household income (65+ householder)			
% households with annual income < \$20,000		8.8%	18.2%
% households with annual income \$20,000-\$49,999		19.8%	36.5%
% households with annual income > \$50,000		71.4%	45.3%
% 60+ own home		82.5%	79.9%
% 60+ have mortgage on home		32.8%	35.3%
% 65+ households spend >35% of income on housing (renter)		5.0%	8.7%
% 65+ households spend >35% of income on housing (owner)		14.3%	21.2%
COST OF LIVING	\$ COUNTY ESTIMATE	\$ STATE ESTIMATE	RATIO (COUNTY/STATE)
Elder Economic Security Standard Index			
Single, homeowner without mortgage, good health	\$24,936	\$25,284	0.99
Single, renter, good health	\$26,112	\$26,400	0.99
Couple, homeowner without mortgage, good health	\$36,504	\$37,128	0.98
Couple, renter, good health	\$37,680	\$38,244	0.99

TECHNICAL NOTES

*See our technical report (online at https://healthyagingdatareports.org/) for more information on data sources, measures, methodology, and margin of errors. For most indicators the reported community and state values are both estimates derived from sample data. Thus, it is possible that some of the differences between state and community estimates may be due to chance associated with population sampling. We use the terms "better" and "worse" to highlight differences between community and state estimates that we are confident are <u>not</u> due to chance. "Better" is used where a higher/lower value has positive implications for the health of older residents. "Worse" is used where a higher/lower score has negative implications for the health of older people, and when the implication is unclear, we use an *. We balance two goals. First, we aim to report data at very local levels because we believe change is often locally driven. Second, we vowed to protect the privacy of the people providing the information reported. Thus, given the constraints of the data analyzed we used a hierarchical approach to reporting. When possible we report estimates for 244 geographic units (i.e., every NH city/town and 5 Manchester neighborhoods, 4 Nashua neighborhoods). For example, the population characteristics were reported for all 244 units. For other data (i.e., highly prevalent chronic disease, health services utilization) we could report for 154 geographic units. For less prevalent conditions we report for 69 geographic units. For the BRFSS data we report for 28 geographic units, and for the lowest prevalence conditions (e.g., HIV) we report for 4 geographic units. The same estimate is reported for all cities/towns within aggregated geographic areas. Maps of the different geographic groupings and the rationale behind the groupings are in the Technical Report.

Data Sources:

- Population Characteristics: The U.S. Census Bureau (American Community Survey 2012-2016).
- Wellness & Prevention: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (2011-2016).
- Nutrition/Diet: BRFSS (2011-2016), CMS (2014-2015), and the U.S. Department of Agriculture Food Atlas (2017).
- Behavioral Health: BRFSS (2011-2016), CMS (2014-2015), CDC Wonder website (2014-2016).
- Chronic Disease: The Master Beneficiary Summary File ABCD/Other from CMS (2014-2015).
- Disability: CMS (2014-2015) for the clinical measures, and ACS (2012-2016) for the self-reported disability.
- Access to Care: BRFSS (2011-2016), CMS (2015), Medicare.gov (June-July 2018), the NH Division of Public Health Services (2018), National Adult Day Services Association (2018), memorycaredirectory.com (2018), and the Alzheimer's Association (July 2018).
- Service Utilization: CMS (2015), and Medicare Nursing Home Compare (December 2018).
- Community & Civic Engagement: AARP (2018 update; https://www.aarp.org/livable-communities/network-age-friendly-communities/info-2014/member-list.html), the Aging & Disability Resource Center, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Air Compare (2016), assistedlivingfacilities.org, ACS (2012-2016), the NH Department of Business and Economic Affairs Division of Travel and Tourism Development (August 2018), NH YMCA (July 2018), the Federal Communications Commission (2016), BRFSS (2011-2016), and the NH Secretary of State.
- Safety & Transportation: U.S. Department of Justice Federal Bureau of Investigation (August 2017), the County Health Rankings (2018), BRFSS (2011-2016). ACS (2012-2016), and the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (2011-2015).
- Economic & Housing, Cost of Living: ACS (2012-2016) and the Center for Social and Demographic Research on Aging at the University of Massachusetts Boston (August 2017).

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