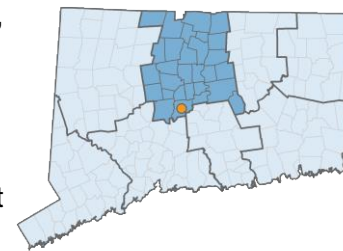


## Berlin (Hartford)

Berlin is a town in Hartford County with 4,606 residents aged 65 and older. Compared to state average rates, older residents have a lower rate of stroke. However, they have higher rates of atrial fibrillation, cataract, chronic kidney disease, hypertension, ischemic heart disease, depression, and anxiety disorder. Older residents in Hartford County varied in obtaining preventive health screenings: residents 18 and older got annual physical exams (77.9%) and annual dental exams (69.2%), while 46.5% of men and 47.1% of women 65 and older completed all CDC recommended vaccinations and cancer screenings. Community resources to support healthy aging include one assisted living facility, ten primary care providers, two home health agencies, one skilled nursing facility, one Alzheimer's caregiver support group, one senior center, and three public libraries.



POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS	Significantly different than state rate	Community estimate	State estimate
Total population (all ages)		20,149	3,611,317
Population 60 years or older as % of total population		29.2%	24.5%
Total population 60 years and older		5,893	885,046
Population 65 years or older as % of total population		22.9%	17.4%
Total population 65 years and older		4,606	629,108
% 65-74 years		55.8%	57.6%
% 75-84 years		29.9%	28.4%
% 85 years or older		14.3%	14.0%
% 65+ population who are female		58.5%	55.7%
% 85+ population who are female	*	54.7%	66.0%
Race and ethnicity of the population 65+			
% White	*	95.0%	84.8%
% African American	*	0.4%	6.7%
% Asian		3.2%	2.6%
% Other race(s)	*	1.3%	5.9%
% Hispanic	*	1.3%	6.7%
# 55+ who are Native American / Alaskan		0	1,729
Marital status of the population 65+			
% married		59.0%	54.5%
% divorced/separated	*	9.7%	16.1%
% widowed		23.7%	21.2%
% never married		7.6%	8.2%
Education of the population 65+			
% with less than high school education		14.2%	11.9%
% with high school or some college		50.9%	52.4%
% with college degree		13.2%	17.0%
% with graduate or professional degree		21.7%	18.6%
% 65+ population who speak only English at home		84.1%	84.4%
% 65+ population who are veterans of military service		11.0%	13.4%

## POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

	Significantly different than state rate	Community estimate	State estimate
<b>HOUSING</b>			
% 65+ population who live alone		25.2%	27.7%
Average household size (all ages)		2.4	2.5
Median house value (all ages)	*	\$341,600	\$323,700
% 60+ own home	*	84.5%	76.0%
% 60+ homeowners who have mortgage	*	37.3%	46.7%
% 65+ households (renter) spend >35% of income on housing		65.3%	45.1%
% 65+ households (owner) spend >35% of income on housing		24.7%	27.1%
% grandparents who live with grandchildren		2.3%	2.6%
# of assisted living sites		1	207

## SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

### COST OF LIVING

<b>Elder Index</b>			
Single, homeowner without mortgage, good health (County)	0.97	\$29,568	\$30,552
Single, renter, good health (County)	0.95	\$31,056	\$32,832
Couple, homeowner without mortgage, good health (County)	0.97	\$42,096	\$43,344
Couple, renter, good health (County)	0.96	\$43,584	\$45,624

### ECONOMIC

% 60+ receiving food stamps in past year		8.2%	11.0%
% 65+ employed in past year		22.8%	21.5%
% 65+ with income below the poverty line in past year		6.2%	7.9%
Median annual income for households with a householder age 65+		\$76,048	\$65,666
% 65+ households with annual income < \$20,000		9.7%	14.0%
% 65+ households with annual income \$20,000-\$49,999		26.4%	25.6%
% 65+ households with annual income \$50,000-\$99,999		29.7%	28.2%
% 65+ households with annual income \$100,000+		34.3%	32.3%

### WELLNESS

% 18+ with less than 7 hours sleep (County)		34.5%	NA
% 18+ without leisure-time physical activity (County)		25.2%	NA
% 18+ with fair or poor self-reported health status (County)		14.1%	NA
% 18+ with 14+ physically unhealthy days (County)		10.3%	NA

### COMMUNITY

Annual # unhealthy days due to air pollution for 65+ (County)		3	NA
AARP Age-Friendly Communities		Not yet	Not yet
# of public universities and community colleges		0	38
# of public libraries		3	237
# of senior centers		1	163
# of Osher Lifelong Learning Institutes (OLLI)		0	1
% households with a smartphone (all ages)		85.2%	87.5%
% households with only a smartphone to access the Internet (all ages)	*	3.2%	7.3%
% households without a computer (all ages)		4.9%	5.9%
% households with access to Broadband (all ages)	*	91.9%	90.1%
% households without access to the Internet (all ages)		7.7%	9.7%
Voter participation rate in 2020 election (age 18+)		84.8%	82.9%

## SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

	Significantly different than state rate	Community estimate	State estimate
<b>COMMUNITY</b>			
Homicide rate/100,000 persons (County)		3.8	3.1
# firearm fatalities (all ages) (County)		234	955
# 65+ deaths by suicide (County)		94	404
Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate		3.6%	4.0%
<b>TRANSPORTATION</b>			
% householders 65+ who own a motor vehicle	*	95.0%	88.0%
# fatal crashes involving adult age 60+ (County)		74	349
AllTransit Score		4.80	2.79
<b>HEALTH OUTCOMES</b>			
<b>FALLS</b>			
% 65+ with hip fracture		2.8%	3.5%
<b>PREVENTION</b>			
% 18+ with physical exam/check-up in past year (County)		77.9%	NA
% mammography use among women age 50-74 Years (County)		78.9%	NA
% 50-75 with fecal occult blood test, sigmoidoscopy, or colonoscopy (County)		75.4%	NA
% 65+ men up to date on preventive services (County)		46.5%	NA
% 65+ women up to date on preventive services (County)		47.1%	NA
<b>NUTRITION &amp; DIET</b>			
% 18+ with obesity (County)		33.3%	NA
% 65+ with high cholesterol		79.1%	77.9%
% 18+ with cholesterol screening (County)		89.4%	NA
<b>ORAL HEALTH</b>			
% 18+ with annual dental exam (County)		69.2%	NA
# dentists per 100,000 persons (all ages) (County)		90.4	61.4
% 65+ with complete tooth loss (County)		7.7%	NA
<b>CHRONIC DISEASE</b>			
% 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias		15.8%	13.9%
% 65+ with anemia		49.2%	49.2%
% 65+ with asthma		13.2%	14.1%
% 65+ with atrial fibrillation	W	17.4%	15.5%
% 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia (men)		45.2%	44.0%
% 65+ with breast cancer (women)		11.8%	11.8%
% 65+ with cataract	W	66.8%	61.5%
% 65+ with chronic kidney disease	W	39.6%	32.8%
% 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease		19.2%	19.6%
% 65+ with colon cancer		2.5%	2.4%
% 65+ with congestive heart failure		22.8%	21.0%
% 65+ with diabetes		29.8%	31.8%
% 65+ with endometrial cancer (women)		2.2%	2.3%
% 65+ with fibromyalgia, chronic pain, and fatigue		32.4%	34.8%
% 65+ with glaucoma		25.4%	26.4%
% 65+ ever had a heart attack		4.6%	4.3%
% 65+ with HIV/AIDS		0.49%	0.28%

## HEALTH OUTCOMES

	Significantly different than state rate	Community estimate	State estimate
<b>CHRONIC DISEASE</b>			
% 65+ with hypertension	W	79.2%	74.2%
% 65+ with ischemic heart disease	W	42.2%	39.1%
% 65+ with liver disease		12.0%	11.6%
% 65+ with lung cancer		2.2%	2.0%
% 65+ with migraine and other chronic headache		6.5%	7.1%
% 65+ with osteoarthritis or rheumatoid arthritis		57.9%	55.7%
% 65+ with osteoporosis		20.2%	20.2%
% 65+ with peripheral vascular disease		17.8%	19.1%
% 65+ with pressure ulcer or chronic ulcer		10.0%	9.1%
% 65+ with prostate cancer (men)		13.6%	13.4%
% 65+ with stroke	B	10.0%	11.5%
% 65+ with 4+ (out of 15) chronic conditions	W	66.4%	61.6%
% 65+ with 0 chronic conditions	W	5.5%	7.7%
<b>BEHAVIORAL HEALTH</b>			
# drug overdose deaths (all ages) (County)		1,664	5,902
% 65+ with substance use disorder		7.8%	8.3%
% 18+ excessive drinking (County)		14.0%	NA
% 65+ with tobacco use disorder		11.9%	11.5%
% 18+ current smokers (County)		12.9%	NA
<b>MENTAL HEALTH</b>			
% 18+ with 14+ days poor mental health (County)		14.9%	NA
% 65+ with depression	W	35.4%	32.3%
% 65+ with anxiety disorder	W	33.7%	30.9%
% 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorder		1.9%	2.0%
% 65+ with schizophrenia & other psychotic disorder		5.1%	4.2%
<b>LIVING WITH DISABILITY</b>			
% 65+ with self-reported hearing difficulty		11.4%	11.4%
% 65+ with self-reported vision difficulty	*	1.8%	4.8%
% 65+ with self-reported cognition difficulty		5.2%	7.2%
% 65+ with self-reported ambulatory difficulty		15.2%	17.8%
% 65+ with self-reported self-care difficulty	*	2.9%	6.9%
% 65+ with self-reported independent living difficulty	*	6.6%	12.7%
<b>CAREGIVING</b>			
# of Alzheimer's support groups		1	29
% grandparents raising grandchildren		0.54%	0.73%

**HEALTH OUTCOMES**

Significantly  
different than  
state rate

Community  
estimate

State  
estimate

**ACCESS TO CARE**

% 65+ dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid	*	19.8%	22.5%
% 65+ Medicare managed care enrollees	*	58.3%	50.1%
% 18-64 who lack health insurance (County)		7.8%	NA
# of primary care providers		10	4,547
# of hospitals		0	36
# of home health agencies		2	80
# of skilled nursing facilities		1	202
# of hospice agencies		0	27
# of community health centers		0	388
# of adult day health centers		0	38

**SERVICE UTILIZATION**

# physician visits per year		8.7	8.4
# emergency room visits/1000 persons 65+ years annually		566.0	586.6
# Part D monthly prescription fills per person annually		51.6	52.1
# home health visits annually	*	3.9	3.1
# durable medical equipment claims annually		2.1	2.0
# inpatient hospital stays/1000 persons 65+ years annually		250.7	241.8
% Medicare inpatient hospital readmissions (as % of admissions)		15.3%	17.6%
# skilled nursing facility stays/1000 persons 65+ years annually		87.4	89.9
# skilled nursing home Medicare beds/1000 persons 65+ years		11.7	37.1
% 65+ getting Medicaid long term services and supports		3.8%	4.4%
% 65+ hospice users		2.5%	2.6%
% 65+ hospice users as % of decedents		43.1%	42.4%

**NOTES**

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## TECHNICAL NOTES

\*For more information on data sources, measures, and methodology used in the 2025 Connecticut Healthy Aging Data Report see our technical documentation at ([healthyagingdatareports.org](http://healthyagingdatareports.org)). For most indicators, the community and state values are estimates derived from sample data. Thus, it is possible that some of the differences between state and community estimates may be due to chance associated with population sampling. We use the terms “Better” and “Worse” to highlight differences between community and state estimates that we are confident are not due to chance. We balance two goals. First, we aim to report data at very local levels because we believe change is often locally driven. Second, we vowed to protect the privacy of the people providing the information reported. Thus, given the constraints of the data analyzed, we used a hierarchical approach to reporting.

### Data Sources:

- *Population Characteristics: The U.S. Census Bureau (American Community Survey (ACS)) 2018-2022.*
- *Housing: ACS, 2018-2022; CT.gov, 2023.*
- *Cost of Living: Center for Social and Demographic Research on Aging at the University of Massachusetts Boston, 2023.*
- *Economic: ACS, 2018-2022.*
- *Wellness: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC; Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS)), 2020-2021.*
- *Community: AARP, 2023; ACS, 2018-2022; CDC WONDER, 2016-2020; The CMS Master Beneficiary Summary File ABCD/Other (CMS), 2020-2021; CT.gov, 2023; CT State Library, 2023; CT Secretary of State, 2023; NECHE, 2023; OLLI, 2023; U.S. EPA Air Compare, 2023.*
- *Transportation: ACS, 2018-2022; AllTransit™, 2023; NHTSA, 2018-2022.*
- *Falls: CMS, 2020-2021.*
- *Prevention: BRFSS, 2020-2021.*
- *Nutrition/Diet: BRFSS, 2020-2021; CMS, 2020-2021.*
- *Oral Health: BRFSS, 2020-2021; HRSA, 2023.*
- *Chronic Disease: CMS, 2020-2021.*
- *Behavioral Health: BRFSS, 2020-2021; CDC WONDER 2016-2020; CMS, 2020-2021.*
- *Mental Health: BRFSS, 2020-2021; CMS, 2020-2021.*
- *Living with Disability: ACS, 2018-2022.*
- *Caregiving: ACS, 2018-2022; Alzheimer’s Association, 2023.*
- *Access to Care: BRFSS, 2020-2021; CMS, 2020-2021; Connecticut Association of Adult Day Services, 2023; HRSA, 2023; Medicare.gov, 2023.*
- *Service Utilization: CMS, 2020-2021.*

Healthy Aging Data Report Research Team (2025): Beth Dugan PhD, Nina Silverstein PhD, Chae Man Lee PhD, Taylor Jansen PhD, Yan-Jhu Su, Yan Lin, Shan Qu, Tiffany Tang & Qian Song PhD, from the Gerontology Institute at the University of Massachusetts Boston. The Point32Health Foundation supported the research and provided important guidance.

Suggested citation: Dugan E, Lee CM, Jansen T, Su YJ, Silverstein NM, & Song Q. (2025). The Connecticut 2025 Healthy Aging Data Report. Retrieved from [www.healthyagingdatareports.org](http://www.healthyagingdatareports.org)

Questions or Ideas? [Beth.dugan@umb.edu](mailto:Beth.dugan@umb.edu)



Point32Health  
Foundation

In partnership with

