Beals, Jonesport (Washington)

The communities of Beals and Jonesport are located in Washington County. Collectively, these areas are home to 463 residents aged 65 and older. Compared to state average rates, older residents fare better on some healthy aging indicators with lower rates of osteoarthritis/rheumatoid arthritis, stroke, and depression. However, they have higher rates of anemia, colon cancer, diabetes, glaucoma, and hypertension. Older residents in Washington County varied in obtaining preventive health screenings: residents 18 and older got annual physical exams (80%) and annual dental exams (57.5%), while 51.6% of men and 42.1% of women 65 and older completed all CDC recommended vaccinations and cancer screenings. A community resource to support healthy aging is their public library.



POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS	Significantly different than state rate	Community estimate	State estimate
Total population (all ages)		1,719	1,366,949
Population 60 years or older as % of total population		36.6%	29.4%
Total population 60 years and older		629	402,170
Population 65 years or older as % of total population		26.9%	21.5%
Total population 65 years and older		463	293,488
% 65-74 years		68.9%	59.9%
% 75-84 years		23.5%	28.5%
% 85 years or older		7.6%	11.6%
% 65+ population who are female		44.7%	54.3%
% 85+ population who are female		48.6%	64.8%
Race and ethnicity of the population 65+			
% White		96.1%	96.6%
% African American		0.0%	0.3%
% Asian		0.2%	0.5%
% Other race(s)		3.7%	2.5%
% Hispanic		0.6%	0.7%
# 55+ who are Native American / Alaskan		0	1,794
Marital status of the population 65+			
% married		52.1%	57.0%
% divorced/separated		14.3%	16.9%
% widowed		21.8%	20.6%
% never married		11.9%	5.6%
Education of the population 65+			
% with less than high school education		11.9%	7.6%
% with high school or some college		63.7%	59.0%
% with college degree		15.3%	18.3%
% with graduate or professional degree		9.1%	15.1%
% 65+ population who speak only English at home		94.4%	92.7%
% 65+ population who are veterans of military service		24.6%	18.4%

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS	Significantly different than state rate	Community estimate	State estimate
HOUSING			
% 65+ population who live alone		28.9%	28.3%
Average household size (all ages)		2.2	2.3
Median house value (all ages)	*	\$195,900	\$244,800
% 60+ own home		81.5%	80.4%
% 60+ homeowners who have mortgage		42.2%	40.6%
% 65+ households (renter) spend >35% of income on housing		15.1%	35.2%
% 65+ households (owner) spend >35% of income on housing		28.8%	20.4%
% grandparents who live with grandchildren		0.9%	1.8%
# of assisted living sites		0	21
SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH			
COST OF LIVING			
Elder Index			
Single, homeowner without mortgage, good health (County)	1.02	\$24,972	\$24,528
Single, renter, good health (County)	0.96	\$27,552	\$28,704
Couple, homeowner without mortgage, good health (County)	1.08	\$40,368	\$37,380
Couple, renter, good health (County)	1.03	\$42,948	\$41,556
ECONOMIC			
% 60+ receiving food stamps in past year	*	28.4%	10.8%
% 65+ employed in past year		24.4%	18.8%
% 65+ with income below the poverty line in past year		14.9%	9.0%
Median annual income for households with a householder age 65+		\$35,625	\$49,828
% 65+ households with annual income < \$20,000		31.3%	17.1%
% 65+ households with annual income \$20,000-\$49,999		33.5%	33.1%
% 65+ households with annual income \$50,000-\$99,999		27.2%	29.4%
% 65+ households with annual income \$100,000+	*	8.1%	20.4%
WELLNESS			
% 18+ with less than 7 hours sleep (County)		34.5%	NA
% 18+ without leisure-time physical activity (County)		32.8%	NA
% 18+ with fair or poor self-reported health status (County)		18.9%	NA
% 18+ with 14+ physically unhealthy days (County)		14.3%	NA
COMMUNITY			
Annual # unhealthy days due to air pollution for 65+ (County)		0	NA
AARP Age-Friendly Communities		Not yet	Yes
# of public universities and community colleges		0	42
# of public libraries		1	261
# of senior centers		0	27
# of Osher Lifelong Learning Institutes (OLLI)		0	1
% households with a smartphone (all ages)		74.6%	82.5%
% households with only a smartphone to access the Internet (all ages)		13.9%	6.4%
% households without a computer (all ages)		10.8%	7.1%
% households with access to Broadband (all ages)		81.9%	87.3%
% households without access to the Internet (all ages)		18.1%	12.3%

Voter participation rate in 2020 election (age 18+) Homicide rate/100,000 persons (County) # firearm fatalities (all ages) (County) # 65+ deaths by suicide (County) Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate TRANSPORTATION % householders 65+ who own a motor vehicle		75.8% NA 27 13 5.3%	74.1% 1.5 770 290 4.2%
Homicide rate/100,000 persons (County) # firearm fatalities (all ages) (County) # 65+ deaths by suicide (County) Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate TRANSPORTATION		NA 27 13 5.3%	1.5 770 290
# firearm fatalities (all ages) (County) # 65+ deaths by suicide (County) Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate TRANSPORTATION		27 13 5.3%	770 290
# 65+ deaths by suicide (County) Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate TRANSPORTATION		13 5.3%	290
Age-sex adjusted 1-year mortality rate TRANSPORTATION		5.3%	
TRANSPORTATION			4.2%
		93.4%	
% householders 65+ who own a motor vehicle		93.4%	
70 Hodderloidere der Wild ewit a moter verhole			91.0%
# fatal crashes involving adult age 60+ (County)		4	251
AllTransit Score		NA	0.51
HEALTH OUTCOMES			
FALLS			
% 65+ with hip fracture		4.4%	3.1%
PREVENTION			
% 18+ with physical exam/check-up in past year (County)		80.0%	NA
% mammography use among women age 50-74 Years (County)		75.4%	NA
% 50-75 with fecal occult blood test, sigmoidoscopy, or colonoscopy (County)		76.2%	NA
% 65+ men up to date on preventive services (County)		51.6%	NA
% 65+ women up to date on preventive services (County)		42.1%	NA
NUTRITION & DIET			
% 18+ with obesity (County)		37.1%	NA
% 65+ with high cholesterol		72.8%	69.5%
% 18+ with cholesterol screening (County)		64.2%	NA
ORAL HEALTH		2 11=72	
% 18+ with annual dental exam (County)		57.5%	NA
# dentists per 100,000 persons (all ages) (County)		35.4	47.2
% 65+ with complete tooth loss (County)		17.3%	NA
CHRONIC DISEASE		13.12.72	
% 65+ with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias		10.0%	11.0%
% 65+ with anemia	W	45.0%	38.1%
% 65+ with asthma		9.7%	11.8%
% 65+ with atrial fibrillation		15.3%	14.3%
% 65+ with benign prostatic hyperplasia (men)		32.7%	35.2%
% 65+ with breast cancer (women)		13.7%	9.6%
% 65+ with cataract		63.0%	60.4%
% 65+ with chronic kidney disease		31.6%	29.4%
% 65+ with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease		19.7%	20.9%
% 65+ with colon cancer	W	2.6%	2.1%
% 65+ with congestive heart failure		20.1%	18.1%
% 65+ with diabetes	W	32.9%	26.2%
% 65+ with endometrial cancer (women)	••	1.7%	2.2%
% 65+ with fibromyalgia, chronic pain, and fatigue		29.7%	34.8%
% 65+ with glaucoma	W	31.6%	23.3%

HEALTH OUTCOMES	Significantly different than state rate	Community estimate	State estimate
CHRONIC DISEASE			
% 65+ ever had a heart attack		8.1%	6.1%
% 65+ with HIV/AIDS		0.13%	0.17%
% 65+ with hypertension	W	73.6%	67.1%
% 65+ with ischemic heart disease		34.2%	35.3%
% 65+ with liver disease		9.2%	10.2%
% 65+ with lung cancer		1.8%	1.8%
% 65+ with migraine and other chronic headache		6.0%	7.1%
% 65+ with osteoarthritis or rheumatoid arthritis	В	41.4%	51.5%
% 65+ with osteoporosis		13.1%	15.7%
% 65+ with peripheral vascular disease		14.6%	15.3%
% 65+ with pressure ulcer or chronic ulcer		7.6%	6.8%
% 65+ with prostate cancer (men)		12.1%	10.3%
% 65+ with stroke	В	6.2%	10.0%
% 65+ with 4+ (out of 15) chronic conditions		57.2%	55.5%
% 65+ with 0 chronic conditions		11.7%	12.4%
BEHAVIORAL HEALTH			
# drug overdose deaths (all ages) (County)		83	2,080
% 65+ with substance use disorder		6.1%	8.7%
% 18+ excessive drinking (County)		14.4%	NA
% 65+ with tobacco use disorder		12.1%	13.6%
% 18+ current smokers (County)		20.2%	NA
MENTAL HEALTH			
% 18+ with 14+ days poor mental health (County)		17.2%	NA
% 65+ with depression	В	29.0%	34.8%
% 65+ with anxiety disorder		31.2%	30.7%
% 65+ with post-traumatic stress disorder		4.1%	3.9%
% 65+ with schizophrenia & other psychotic disorder		3.3%	3.2%
LIVING WITH DISABILITY			
% 65+ with self-reported hearing difficulty		18.8%	15.5%
% 65+ with self-reported vision difficulty		10.8%	4.6%
% 65+ with self-reported cognition difficulty		14.6%	7.5%
% 65+ with self-reported ambulatory difficulty	*	34.1%	17.8%
% 65+ with self-reported self-care difficulty		8.5%	5.2%
% 65+ with self-reported independent living difficulty		15.1%	10.5%
CAREGIVING			
# of Alzheimer's support groups		0	11
% grandparents raising grandchildren		0.00%	0.55%

HEALTH OUTCOMES	Significantly different than state rate	Community estimate	State estimate
ACCESS TO CARE			
% 65+ dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid	*	29.3%	18.7%
% 65+ Medicare managed care enrollees	*	35.9%	50.3%
% 18-64 who lack health insurance (County)		9.6%	NA
# of primary care providers		0	2,199
# of hospitals		0	37
# of home health agencies		0	20
# of skilled nursing facilities		0	87
# of hospice agencies		0	14
# of community health centers		0	164
# of adult day health centers		0	33
SERVICE UTILIZATION			
# physician visits per year	*	1.8	4.7
# emergency room visits/1000 persons 65+ years annually		599.1	556.1
# Part D monthly prescription fills per person annually	*	54.5	49.8
# home health visits annually	*	0.2	1.7
# durable medical equipment claims annually		2.2	2.0
# inpatient hospital stays/1000 persons 65+ years annually		146.3	169.8
% Medicare inpatient hospital readmissions (as % of admissions)		14.3%	14.3%
# skilled nursing facility stays/1000 persons 65+ years annually	*	19.1	43.3
# skilled nursing home Medicare beds/1000 persons 65+ years		0.0	20.0
% 65+ getting Medicaid long term services and supports		1.3%	2.1%
% 65+ hospice users		2.2%	3.0%
% 65+ hospice users as % of decedents	*	32.9%	49.7%
NOTES			

TECHNICAL NOTES

*For more information on data sources, measures, and methodology used in the 2025 Maine Healthy Aging Data Report see our technical documentation at (healthyagingdatareports.org). For most indicators, the community and state values are estimates derived from sample data. Thus, it is possible that some of the differences between state and community estimates may be due to chance associated with population sampling. We use the terms "Better" and "Worse" to highlight differences between community and state estimates that we are confident are not due to chance. We balance two goals. First, we aim to report data at very local levels because we believe change is often locally driven. Second, we vowed to protect the privacy of the people providing the information reported. Thus, given the constraints of the data analyzed, we used a hierarchical approach to reporting.

Data Sources:

- Population Characteristics: The U.S. Census Bureau (American Community Survey (ACS)) 2018-2022.
- Housing: ACS, 2018-2022; Maine Home Care Association (MEHCA), 2023.
- Cost of Living: Center for Social and Demographic Research on Aging at the University of Massachusetts Boston, 2023.
- Economic: ACS, 2018-2022.
- Wellness: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC; Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS)), 2020-2021.
- Community: AARP, 2023; ACS, 2018-2022; CDC WONDER, 2016-2020; The CMS Master Beneficiary Summary File ABCD/Other (CMS), 2020-2021; NECHE, 2023; State of Maine, 2023; Maine State Library, 2023; Maine Secretary of State, 2023; OLLI, 2023; U.S. EPA Air Compare, 2023.
- Transportation: ACS, 2018-2022; AllTransit™, 2023; NHTSA, 2018-2022.
- Falls: CMS, 2020-2021.
- Prevention: BRFSS, 2020-2021.
- Nutrition/Diet: BRFSS, 2020-2021; CMS, 2020-2021.
- Oral Health: BRFSS, 2020-2021; HRSA, 2023.
- Chronic Disease: CMS, 2020-2021.
- Behavioral Health: BRFSS, 2020-2021; CDC WONDER 2016-2020; CMS, 2020-2021.
- Mental Health: BRFSS, 2020-2021; CMS, 2020-2021.
- Living with Disability: ACS, 2018-2022.
- Caregiving: ACS, 2018-2022; Alzheimer's Association, 2023.
- Access to Care: BRFSS, 2020-2021; CMS, 2020-2021; HRSA, 2023; Medicare.gov, 2023; Maine.gov, 2023.
- Service Utilization: CMS, 2020-2021.

Healthy Aging Data Report Research Team (2025): Beth Dugan PhD, Nina Silverstein PhD, Chae Man Lee PhD, Taylor Jansen PhD, Yan-Jhu Su, Yan Lin, Shan Qu, Tiffany Tang & Qian Song PhD, from the Gerontology Institute at the University of Massachusetts Boston. The Point32Health Foundation supported the research and provided important guidance.

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Questions or Ideas? Beth.dugan@umb.edu





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